Interestional Application No P NL2004/000471

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTE IPC 7 C12Q1/68
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According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 C12Q

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, Sequence Search, WPI Data, PAJ, MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE, CHEM ABS Data

DOCUM	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the	Relevant to claim No.	
X	PALUMBI S R AND SCOTT BAKER C: "Contrasting population struct nuclear intron sequencesand mt Humpback whales" MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND EVOLUTIO vol. 11, no. 3, 1994, pages 42	1,5-7, 11,12	
Y	XP002278815 the whole document		2-4, 8-10, 13-20, 22-24
		-/	
X Fur	ther documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	χ Patent family members a	are listed in annex.
"A" docum cons "E" earlier filing "L" docum which citati "O" docum other "P" docum	categories of cited documents: nent defining the general state of the art which is not didered to be of particular relevance document but published on or after the international date nent which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or his cited to establish the publication date of another on or other special reason (as specified) nent referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or remeans nent published prior to the international filing date but than the priority date claimed	cited to understand the prin- invention "X" document of particular releva cannot be considered novel involve an inventive step wt "Y" document of particular releva cannot be considered to inv document is combined with	inflict with the application but ciple or theory underlying the lines; the claimed invention or cannot be considered to nen the document is taken alche ince; the claimed invention olve an inventive step whan the one or more other such docuping obvious to a person skilled
Date of the	e actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the interna	ational search report
	25 April 2005	04/05/2005	
Name and	t mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patenttaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo ni, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Authorized officer Knehr, M	

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	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	VOS P ET AL: "AFLP: A NEW TECHNIQUE FOR DNA FINGERPRINTING" NUCLEIC ACIDS RESEARCH, OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS, SURREY, GB, vol. 23, no. 21, 1995, pages 4407-4414, XP000939214 ISSN: 0305-1048 cited in the application the whole document	2-4, 8-10, 13-20, 22-24
A	the whole document WO 00/05418 A (GEN PROBE INC) 3 February 2000 (2000-02-03) the whole document	

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box II.2

Claims Nos.: 21,25 (complete); 24 (partial)

Present claims 21 and 25 relate to the use of a product defined by reference to a desirable characteristic or property, namely... claim 21:...the "Use of a primer '...! in the development of an assay '...!, and

claim 25:...the "Use of the method according to claim 18 for the selective enrichment of a sample for nuclear or organelle derived amplification products".

Claim 21 covers all possible uses of primers whereas the application provides support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT and/or disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT only for defined primer with very specific properties (i.e. "S3P primers"). Likewise, claim 25 does give no support at all by which means such an enrichment of specifically nuclear or organelle derived amplification products might b achieved. In the present case, these claims so lack support, and the application so lacks disclosure, that a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope (i.e. any primer for the development of any assay, or any means for some selective enrichment) is impossible. Independent of the above reasoning, the claims also lack clarity (Article 6 PCT). An attempt is made of defining that claim by a result to be achieved. Again, this lack of clarity in the present case is such as to render a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope impossible. Consequently, no search has been carried out for claims 21 and 25.

Present claim 24 relates to an extremely large number of possible products, i.e. "a kit comprising PCR primers...". Support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT and/or disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT is to be found, however, for only a very small proportion of such kits claimed. In the present case, the claim so lacks support, and the application so lacks disclosure, that a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope is impossible. Consequently, the search has been limited and carried out for those parts of the claims which appear to be supported and disclosed, namely a kit comprising splice site-specific primers ("S3P primers").

The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that claims relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established need not be the subject of an international preliminary examination (Rule 66.1(e) PCT). The applicant is advised that the EPO policy when acting as an International Preliminary Examining Authority is normally not to carry out a preliminary examination on matter which has not been searched. This is the case irrespective of whether or not the claims are amended following receipt of the search report or during any Chapter II procedure. If the application proceeds into the regional phase before the EPO, the applicant is reminded that a search may be carried out during examination before the EPO (see EPO Guideline C-VI, 8.5), should the problems which led to the Article 17(2) declaration be overcome.

rnational application No.

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Вох	No. I	Nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence(s) (Continuation of item 1.b of the first sheet)
1.	With	regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application and necessary to the claimed tion, the international search was carried out on the basis of:
	a.	type of material X a sequence listing table(s) related to the sequence listing
	b.	format of material X in written format X in computer readable form
	c.	time of filing/furnishing contained in the international application as filed filed together with the international application in computer readable form furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purpose of search
2.		In addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table relating thereto has been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional copies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as appropriate, were furnished.
3.	Addi	tional comments:

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Box II Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
21,25 (complete); 24 (partial) because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically: see FURTHER INFORMATION sheet PCT/ISA/210
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box III Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 3 of first sheet)
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.;
Remark on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest. No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT formation on patent family members

International Application No 'NL2004/000471

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date		Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 0005418	Α	03-02-2000	US	6849400 B1	01-02-2005
			ΑT	269417 T	15-07-2004
			ΑU	767568 B2	13-11-2003
			ΑU	5128899 A	14-02-2000
			CA	2337106 A1	03-02-2000
			DE	69918132 D1	22-07-2004
			EP	1109932 A1	27-06-2001
			ES	2221750 T3	01-01-2005
			JР	2002521037 T	16-07-2002
			WO	0005418 A1	03-02-2000

Form PCT/ISA/210 (patent family annex) (January 2004)